AUBURN UNIVERSITY

Salary Reduction Agreement

(for The Auburn University §125 Flexible Benefit Plan)

Employee Name		Banner ID #	
Participation in the Aubur	n University Benefit Pla	ns:	
Please indicate your enrollme application to enroll in OR to			below. You must also complete an
Select the Plans in which yo	ou intend to participate:		
☐ Health Plan ☐	Dental Plan ☐ Vision Pla	an 🔲 N/A (None)	
Select the Plans in which yo	ou choose OPT OUT of cove	erage:	
☐ Health Plan ☐	Dental Plan ☐ Vision Pla	an	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:			
"My signature below ackno	owledges the following:		
 I have chosen to enroll the Auburn University 		enefit plans as indicated above	as offered under the terms of
		duction Agreement, I <u>must</u> also ose to enroll in OR in which I w	•
 For each benefit plan in cost of the benefit plan 		agree that my future salary wil	l be reduced by the relevant
 This Salary Reduction A changed or terminated 	_	ocable and remain in effect un	til a participation option is
	• •	d employees and dependents c urance Portability and Account	an only be made in accordance tability Act (HIPAA).
	-	Reduction Agreement is not exe e in force for the succeeding ye	
-	-	e been informed of my rights to I am choosing not to elect the o	o receive such benefits from a coverage made available to me
	General Notice of COBRA (if applicable) at the add	Continuation Coverage Rights ress on file.	will be mailed to me and my
-	lo not return this form to ntal and/or vision coverag	Payroll and Employee Benefits ge may be delayed."	in a timely manner, the start
Signature of Employee		 Date	

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AUBURN UNIVERSITY

COBRA Continuation Coverage Rights

GENERAL NOTICE:

This notice generally explains COBRA coverage, when it may become available to you and your covered dependents, and what you need to do to protect the right to receive it.

The Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) is a federal law that requires an employer to make available temporary continuation of coverage to participants in any group health plan or group dental plan following any event which would normally cause that coverage to end. Because you are a participant in the Plan you must be provided with this notice.

COBRA (and the description of COBRA coverage contained in this notice) applies only to the group health, dental and vision benefits offered under the Plan and not to any other benefits offered by the University. Under certain circumstances COBRA continuation coverage could also apply to the Auburn University Flexible Spending Account Plan if you are a participant in that Plan.

COBRA coverage can become available to you when you would otherwise lose your coverage under the Plan. It can also become available to your dependents if they are covered under the Plan when they would otherwise lose their coverage under the Plan. This notice does not fully describe COBRA coverage or other rights under the Plan. For additional information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law you should review the Plans' summary plan descriptions or contact Auburn University Payroll & Employee Benefits, or the Plan Administrator for that specific benefit plan. The Plan provides no greater COBRA rights than what COBRA requires—nothing in this notice is intended to expand your rights beyond COBRA's requirements.

What Is COBRA Coverage?

COBRA coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage would otherwise end because of a life event known as a "qualifying event." Specific qualifying events are listed below. After a qualifying event occurs and any required notice of that event is properly provided to the University, COBRA coverage must be offered to each person losing Plan coverage who is a "qualified beneficiary." You and your covered dependents could become qualified beneficiaries and would be entitled to elect COBRA if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. (Certain newborns, newly adopted children, and alternate recipients under a qualified medical child support order (QMCSO) may also be qualified beneficiaries. This is discussed in more detail in separate paragraphs below.) Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA must pay for COBRA coverage.

Individuals who are eligible for COBRA continuation coverage are also eligible to enroll in individually purchased health insurance coverage through the National Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, go to www.healthcare.gov.

Who is Entitled to Elect COBRA?

If you are an employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because either one of the following qualifying events happens:

- · Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.

If you are the spouse of an employee, you will become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because any of the following qualifying events happens:

- · Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct; or
- You become divorced from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following qualifying events happens:

- The parent/employee dies;
- The parent/employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent/employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- · The parents become divorced; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the plan as a "dependent child."

COBRA Continuation Coverage for Sponsored Adult and/or Sponsored Child Dependents

A Sponsored Adult and/or Sponsored Child Dependent is not recognized under COBRA. However, in certain circumstances, federal regulations may require that a Sponsored Adult Dependent (and any relevant Sponsored Child Dependents) be offered continuation coverage in the same manner as a spouse and his/her dependents. In these circumstances, any reference to "spouse", "dependent child" or "dependent children" in this Notice would apply to your Sponsored Adult and/or Sponsored Child Dependent accordingly.

Alternate recipients under QMCSOs

A child of the covered employee who is receiving benefits under the Plan pursuant to a qualified medical child support order

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(QMCSO) received by the University during the covered employee's period of employment with the University is entitled to the same rights to elect COBRA as an eligible dependent child of the covered employee.

When is COBRA Coverage Available?

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after Payroll & Employee Benefits has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. When the qualifying event is the end of employment, the reduction of hours of employment or the death of the employee, Payroll & Employee Benefits will be notified by the Human Resources office of the qualifying event.

You Must Give Notice of Some Qualifying Events

For the other qualifying events (divorce of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child) you must notify Payroll & Employee Benefits within 60 days after the qualifying event occurs.

Electing COBRA?

Once Payroll & Employee Benefits receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, the Plan Administrator for each benefit plan will contact each qualified beneficiary and offer COBRA continuation coverage. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children. Any qualified beneficiary for whom COBRA is not elected within the 60-day election period specified in the Plan's COBRA election notice will lose his or her right to elect COBRA.

How Long does Cobra Coverage Last?

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage. When the qualifying event is the death of the employee, your divorce, or a dependent child's losing eligibility as a dependent child, COBRA continuation coverage may last for up to a total of 36 months

When the qualifying event is the end of employment or the reduction of the employee's hours of employment, and the employee became entitled to Medicare benefits less than 18 months before the qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage for qualified beneficiaries other than the employee may last until 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement. For example, if a covered employee becomes entitled to Medicare 8 months before the date on which his employment terminates, COBRA continuation coverage for his spouse and children can last up to 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement, which is equal to 28 months after the date of the qualifying event (36 months minus 8 months). Otherwise, when the qualifying event is the end of employment or the reduction of the employee's hours of employment, COBRA continuation coverage generally lasts for only up to a total of 18 months.

The coverage period described here are maximum coverage periods. COBRA coverage can end before the end of the maximum coverage period for several reasons which will be explained to you by the Plan Administrator when you become eligible for COBRA coverage. These reasons are also described in the summary plan description for the Plan.

There are two ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended.

Disability extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to receive up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a total maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of continuation coverage.

Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage

If your family experiences another qualifying event while receiving 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if notice of the second qualifying event is properly given to the Plan Administrator. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children receiving continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies, becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), or gets divorced, or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child, but only if the event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

If You Have Questions

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the Plan Administrator or to Payroll & Employee Benefits. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), HIPAA, and other laws affecting group health plans, including COBRA, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) or visit the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/ebsa. Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through the EBSA website.

Keep Your Plan Informed of Address Changes

In order to protect your family's rights, you should keep Payroll & Employee Benefits, or the Plan Administrator, informed of any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to Payroll & Employee Benefits or to the Plan Administrator.

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