# Stocks and Their Value

# **Rights of Shareholders**

- Voting
- Dividends (if declared)
- New shares
- The Proxy Statement





PROXY STATEMENT AND NOTICE OF 2019 ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS



Thursday, May 23, 2019 at 9:00 a.m., Eastern Time COBB GALLERIA CENTRE, ATLANTA, GA

# **Types of Common Stock**

- Non-publically Traded Shares
- Publically Traded Shares
- Classified Stock
- Tracking Stock
- Preferred Stock (not common stock)

#### **Common Stock**

- Voting Rights
  - Majority Voting or Straight Voting
  - Cumulative Voting
- Dividends

#### **Preferred Stock**

- Voting Rights
- Dividends
  - Cumulative
  - Non-cumulative
- Stated/Liquidating Value
- Preferred Stock and Debt

# Differences Between Debt and Equity

#### Debt

- Not an ownership interest
- Creditors do not have voting rights
- Interest is considered a cost of doing business and is tax deductible
- Creditors have legal recourse if interest or principal payments are missed
- Excess debt can lead to financial distress and bankruptcy

#### **Equity**

- Ownership interest
- Common stockholders vote for the board of directors and other issues
- Dividends are not considered a cost of doing business and are not tax deductible
- Dividends are not a liability of the firm and stockholders have no legal recourse if dividends are not paid
- An all equity firm can not go bankrupt

#### Stock Valuation

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• The price (va	alue) of a share of stock is equal to the
	of the stock's
cash flows.	

#### **Stock Valuation**

$$P_o = \frac{D_1}{(1+r)^1} + \frac{D_2}{(1+r)^2} + \frac{D_3}{(1+r)^3} + \dots + \frac{D_{n-1}}{(1+r)^{n-1}} + \frac{D_n + P_n}{(1+r)^n}$$

- Zero Growth
- Constant Growth
- Non-constant Growth
  - 1.
  - 2.
  - 3.

Keven Corp., just paid a \$2 dividend, which it expects to maintain for the foreseeable future. If stocks of this risk require a return of 14.52 percent, what is the current price of the stock?

If the firm expects to maintain a constant 3% growth rate in dividends, what would the price be today?

If the firm was unable to pay a dividend for the next 4 years, but then paid a \$2 dividend which grew at a constant 3%, what would the price be today?

#### **Another Stock Valuation Example**

■Yostmeister, Inc. just paid a \$2 dividend.

Dividends are expected to grow at 10 percent for the next two years, after which they will grow at 4 percent for the foreseeable future. If investors require a return of 16 percent for stocks of this risk, what is the current price?

#### The Rate of Return

- •What are the two components of our return?
- Consider a constant growth stock...

#### The Growth Rate

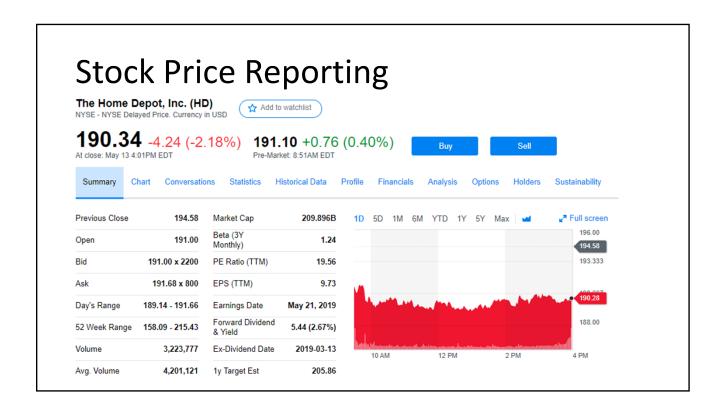
- How might we estimate the dividend growth rate?
  - 1.
  - 2.
  - 3.

# **Reality Check**

- Is stock valuation really this easy?
- Stock Valuation vs. Company Valuation
- •What about market multiples?

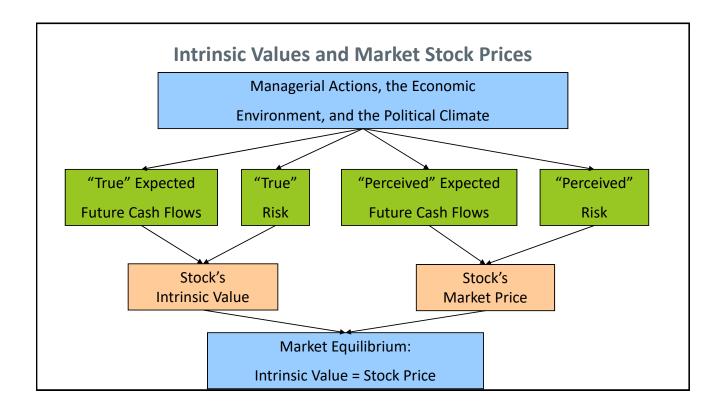
#### **Stock Markets**

- Primary vs. Secondary Markets
- Dealers vs. Brokers
- NYSE vs. NASDAQ



# Stock Market Equilibrium

- What happens when expectations change?
- The Efficient Markets Hypothesis
  - Form Efficiency
  - Form Efficiency
  - Form Efficiency



# **Chapter 9 Suggested Problems**

- Concept Questions
  - 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 10
- •Questions and Problems
  - **1**, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 14, 15, 18, and 19

•Griffin Corporation will pay a \$5.00 per share dividend next year. The company pledges to increase its dividend by 3 percent per year, indefinitely. If you require a 16 percent return on your investment, how much will you pay for the company's stock today?

# Stock Valuation Example #2

■The next dividend payment by SAF, Inc., will be \$4 per share. The dividends are anticipated to maintain a 6 percent growth rate, forever. If SAF stock currently sells for \$45.00 per share, what is the required return?

■Suppose you know that a company's stock currently sells for \$60 per share and the required return on the stock is 18 percent. You also know that the total return on the stock is evenly divided between a capital gains yield and a dividend yield. If it's the company's policy to always maintain a constant growth rate in its dividends, what is the dividend per share that was just paid?

# Stock Valuation Example #4

Nematode, Inc., has an issue of preferred stock outstanding that pays a \$9.50 dividend every year, in perpetuity. If this issue currently sells for \$110 per share, what is the required return?

•Key Corporation, is a start-up tech. firm. No dividends will be paid on the stock over the next five years, because the firm needs the money for growth. The company will then pay a \$6 per share dividend and will increase the dividend by 5 percent per year thereafter. If the required return on this stock is 23 percent, what is the current share price?

# Stock Valuation Example #6

■Taza Corporation is expected to pay the following dividends over the next four years: \$4.75, \$3, \$2, \$1. Afterwards, the company pledges to maintain a constant 9 percent growth rate in dividends, forever. If the required return on the stock is 17 percent, what is the current share price?

■Torsion Corporation stock currently sells for \$108 per share. The market requires a 15 percent return on the firm's stock. If the company maintains a constant 7 percent growth rate in dividends, what was the most recent dividend per share paid on the stock?